The Professional School of Business

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Mate	ch a definition with each term.		
	1. Mortgagor	Α.	an agency of the federal government that insures loans
	2. Negative amortization	В.	made to qualified borrowers
	3. Note	С.	government insurance or guarantee
	4. Mortgage		percentage of property value that may be borrowed
	5. Mortgagee	D.	
	6. Cap	Ε.	usually required with low down payment conventional financing to
	7. DVA		provide additional protection for the lender
	8. Junior	Γ.	provides security for a note and is a specific lien
	9. Points		the borrower an instrument used in financing
	10. Loan to value ratio	I.	that involves three parties the lender
	11. FHA	J.	used to cover a lender's up-front costs and/or increase loan yield
-	12. Deed of Trust	к.	to mortgage or pledge without giving up possession
	13. Amortization	L.	government that guarantees loans
	14. Amortization schedule		made to qualified borrowers evidence that a debt exists
	15. Assumable	N.	mortgage payment will be applied
	16. PMI	0.	to principal or interest the maximum interest rate in an
	17. Conventional	Ρ.	
	18. Hypothecate		buyer to undertake liability for repayment of the existing loan the amount owed increases after payments have been made instead of decreasing payment of a debt in periodic payments which include principal and interest
1.	Buyers should consider an adjust a. they prefer a stable mo		
	b. interest rates are pres	sently co	ensidered to be high, expected to end to own the property more than a
	c. interest rates are pres		ensidered to be low but expected to to own the property for several
2.	Interest rates that exceed the la. defeasance b. deficiency c. premiums	legally p	permitted rate is called:
	d. usurv		

- 3. A loan arrangement where the borrower pays interest only for the term of the loan is called a:
 - a. straight-term mortgage

 - b. closed mortgage
 c. open-end mortgage
 d. amortized loan
- 4. The final payment of the loan used in the previous question is called a payment.

Name the mortgage clause

- 1. Provides that the balance of the loan is due and payable if title is transferred
- 2. Makes the lien junior to a subsequently recorded lien _____
- 3. Allows the lender to demand the outstanding balance due immediately if the mortgagor defaults



